			FISCAL YEAR 2021	,	, weeting - 11	FISCAL YEAR 2022		FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET o/			
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 76			
TAXES													
MINING TAX													
3064 Net Proceeds of Minerals [2-16][3-16][1-21]	\$57,157,296	\$128,290,910 124.5%	\$134,042,000 134.5%	\$128,287,768 124.4%	\$60,581,818 -52.8%	\$55,187,000 -58.8%	\$56,193,670 -56.2%	\$57,018,182 -5.9%	\$55,187,000 0.0%	\$52,535,030 -6.5%			
3241 Net Proceeds Penalty 3245 Centrally Assessed Penalties	\$0												
TOTAL MINING TAXES AND FEES	<u>\$1,684</u> \$57.158.980	\$128,290,910 124,4%	\$134.042.000 <u>134.5%</u>	\$128.287.768 <u>124.4%</u>	\$60.581.818 -52.8%	\$55.187.000 -58.8%	\$56.193.670 -56.2%	\$57.018.182 -5.9%	\$55.187.000 0.0%	\$52.535.030 -6.5%			
	\$57.156.960	3128.290.910 124.470	3134.042.000 134.3%	<u>3120.287.706</u> <u>124.47</u>	<u>300.381.818</u> -32.870	<u>\$55.187.000</u> -58.8%	<u>330.193.070</u> -30.270	357.016.162 -5.9%	<u>355.187.000</u> 0.0%	<u>832.333.030</u> -0.376			
SALES AND USE	04 044 704 000												
3001 Sales & Use Tax [1-19][1-20] 3002 State Share - LSST [4-16][1-19][1-20]	\$1,214,701,336 \$11,770,188												
3003 State Share - BCCRT [1-19][1-20]	\$11,770,186												
3004 State Share - SCCRT [1-19][1-20]	\$18,387,225												
3005 State Share - PTT [1-19][1-20]	\$13,825,825												
TOTAL SALES AND USE	\$1,263,939,457	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
GAMING - STATE													
3041 Percent Fees - Gross Revenue: Before Tax Credits	\$619,269,825												
Tax Credit Programs:													
Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1]	-\$337,637												
Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2]	-\$21,912,501												
Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4]	-\$300,000												
Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7]													
Total - Tax Credit Programs	-\$22,550,138	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Percent Fees - Gross Revenue: After Tax Credits	\$596,719,687	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
3032 Pari-mutuel Tax	\$3,379				\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,500 2.9%	\$3,500 2.9%	\$3,500 2.9%			
3181 Racing Fees	\$9,286				\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,500 2.2%	\$9,500 2.2%	\$9,500 2.2%			
3247 Racing Fines/Forfeitures	\$0												
3042 Gaming Penalties	\$176,184	\$700,000 297.3%	\$700,000 297.3%	\$700,000 297.3%	\$700,000 0.0%	\$700,000 0.0%	\$700,000 0.0%	\$700,000 0.0%	\$700,000 0.0%	\$700,000 0.0%			
3043 Flat Fees-Restricted Slots [2-20] 3044 Non-Restricted Slots [2-20]	\$8,073,138 \$10,223,380	\$7,582,159 -6.1% \$9,355,698 -8.5%	\$7,582,000 -6.1% \$9,356,000 -8.5%	\$7,582,159 -6.1% \$9,355,698 -8.5%	\$7,763,013 2.4% \$9,561,616 2.2%	\$7,763,000 2.4% \$9,562,000 2.2%	\$7,763,013 2.4% \$9,561,616 2.2%	\$8,331,504 7.3% \$10,361,490 8.4%	\$8,332,000 7.3% \$10,361,000 8.4%	\$8,331,504 7.3% \$10,361,490 8.4%			
3045 Quarterly Fees-Games	\$10,223,360	\$5,567,239 2.4%	\$9,356,000 -8.5% \$5,567,000 2.3%	\$5,567,239 2.4%	\$5,691,933 2.2%	\$5,692,000 2.2% \$5,692,000 2.2%	\$5,691,933 2.2%	\$6,044,715 6.2%	\$6,045,000 6.2%	\$6,044,715 6.2%			
3046 Advance License Fees	\$1,173,154	\$2,449,125 108.8%	\$2,449,000 108.8%	\$2,449,125 108.8%	\$3,614,520 47.6%	\$3,615,000 47.6%	\$3,614,520 47.6%	\$600,000 -83.4%	\$600,000 -83.4%	\$600,000 -83.4%			
3048 Slot Machine Route Operator	\$32,000	\$31,500 -1.6%	\$31,500 -1.6%	\$31,500 -1.6%	\$31,500 0.0%	\$31,500 0.0%	\$31,500 0.0%	\$31,500 0.0%	\$31,500 0.0%	\$31,500 0.0%			
3049 Gaming Info Systems Annual	\$42,000	\$30,000 -28.6%	\$30,000 -28.6%	\$30,000 -28.6%	\$30,000 0.0%	\$30,000 0.0%	\$30,000 0.0%	\$30,000 0.0%	\$30,000 0.0%	\$30,000 0.0%			
3028 Interactive Gaming Fee - Operator	\$500,000	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%	\$500,000 0.0%			
3029 Interactive Gaming Fee - Service Provider	\$13,000	\$14,000 7.7%	\$14,000 7.7%	\$14,000 7.7%	\$15,000 7.1%	\$15,000 7.1%	\$15,000 7.1%	\$16,000 6.7%	\$16,000 6.7%	\$16,000 6.7%			
3030 Interactive Gaming Fee - Manufacturer	\$75,000	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%	\$75,000 0.0%			
3033 Equip Mfg. License 3034 Race Wire License	\$286,510 \$5,059	\$286,000 -0.2% \$1,800 -64.4%	\$286,000 -0.2% \$1,800 -64.4%	\$286,000 -0.2% \$1,800 -64.4%	\$288,000 0.7% \$1,750 -2.8%	\$288,000 0.7% \$1,800 0.0%	\$288,000 0.7% \$1,750 -2.8%	\$288,500 0.2% \$1,700 -2.9%	\$288,500 0.2% \$1,700 -5.6%	\$288,500 0.2% \$1,700 -2.9%			
3035 Annual Fees on Games	\$5,059 \$132,153	\$1,800 -64.4% \$152,023 <u>15.0%</u>	\$1,800 -64.4% \$152,000 15.0%	\$1,800 -64.4% \$152,023 15.0%	\$1,750 -2.8% \$137,162 -9.8%	\$1,800 0.0% \$137,200 -9.7%	\$1,750 -2.8% \$137,162 -9.8%	\$1,700 -2.9% \$122,185 -10.9%	\$1,700 -5.6% \$122,200 -10.9%	\$1,700 -2.9% \$122,185 -10.9%			
TOTAL GAMING - STATE: BEFORE TAX CREDITS	\$645.453.361	\$26.744.544 -95.9%	\$26.744.300 -95.9%	\$26.744.544 -95.9%	\$28.422.194 6.3%	\$28.423.200 <u>-9.7 %</u>	\$28.422.194 6.3%	\$27.115.594 -4.6%	\$27.115.900 -4.6%	\$27.115.594 -4.6%			
Tax Credit Programs	<u>-\$22,550,138</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
TOTAL GAMING - STATE: AFTER TAX CREDITS	\$622,903,223	\$26,744,544 <u>-95.7%</u>	\$26,744,300 <u>-95.7%</u>	\$26,744,544 <u>-95.7%</u>	\$28,422,194 <u>6.3%</u>	\$28,423,200 <u>6.3%</u>	\$28,422,194 <u>6.3%</u>	\$27,115,594 <u>-4.6%</u>	\$27,115,900 <u>-4.6%</u>	\$27,115,594 -4.6%			
LIVE ENTERTAINMENT TAX (LET)													
3031G Live Entertainment Tax-Gaming [5-16]	\$72,175,787												
3031NG Live Entertainment Tax-Nongaming [5-16]	\$19,159,947												
TOTAL LET	\$91,335,734	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
COMMERCE TAX													
3072 Commerce Tax [6-16]	\$204,983,790												
TRANSPORTATION CONNECTION EXCISE TAX													
3073 Transportation Connection Excise Tax [7-16]	\$19,868,720	\$18,200,000 -8.4%	\$12,983,000 -34.7%	\$13,162,790 -33.8%	\$24,100,000 32.4%	\$13,263,000 2.2%	\$16,602,510 26.1%	\$30,300,000 25.7%	\$29,011,000 118.7%	\$28,424,380 71.2%			
CIGARETTE TAX													
3052 Cigarette Tax [8-16][3-20]	\$156,694,742	\$142,000,000 -9.4%	\$150,475,000 -4.0%	\$150,483,140 -4.0%	\$140,000,000 -1.4%	\$148,497,000 -1.3%	\$145,165,910 -3.5%	\$138,000,000 -1.4%	\$147,465,000 -0.7%	\$140,123,590 -3.5%			
5552 5.gaiotto Tax [5-10][5-20]	φ 150,094,742	φ 142,000,000 -9.4%	φ10U,470,UUU -4.U%	ý 100,400, 140 -4.U%	φ 140,000,000 -1.4%	φ140,487,000 -1.3%	φ 140, 100,9 IU -3.5%	φ 130,000,000 -1.4%	\$141,400,000 -U./%	\$ 140, 123,590 -3.5%			

			FISCAL YEAR 2021			FISCAL YEAR 2022		FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %			
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 76	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 70	FORECAST 70			
TAXES - CONTINUED  MODIFIED BUSINESS TAX (MBT)  MBT - NONFINANCIAL BUSINESSES (MBT-NFI) [9-16] [10-16][11-16][12-16][4-20]  3069 MBT - Nonfinancial: Before Tax Credits  Commerce Tax Credits [13-16]  MBT - Nonfinancial: After Commerce Tax Credits	\$646,338,474 - <u>\$49,894,345</u> \$596,444,129	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Tax Credit Programs:  Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1]  Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2]  Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4]  Education Choice Scholarship Tax Credits [TC-5]  College Savings Plan Tax Credits [TC-6]  Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7]  Total - Tax Credit Programs	\$0 \$0 \$0 -\$11,069,828 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
MBT - Nonfinancial: <u>After Tax Credit Programs</u>	\$585,374,301	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
MBT - FINANCIAL BUSINESSES (MBT-FI) [12-16][4-20] 3069 MBT - Financial: Before Tax Credits Commerce Tax Credits [13-16] MBT - Financial: After Commerce Tax Credits	\$35,412,610 -\$875,623 \$34,536,987	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Tax Credit Programs:  Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1] Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2] Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4] Education Choice Scholarship Tax Credits [TC-5] College Savings Plan Tax Credits [TC-6] Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7] Total - Tax Credit Programs	\$0 \$0 \$0 -\$230,000 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
MBT - Financial: After Tax Credit Programs	\$34,306,987	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	\$0			
MBT - MINING BUSINESSES (MBT-MINING) [11-16][4-20] 3069 MBT - Mining: Before Tax Credits Commerce Tax Credits [13-16] MBT - Mining: After Commerce Tax Credits Tax Credit Programs:	\$22,992,626 -\$70,648 \$22,921,979	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1] Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2] Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4] Education Choice Scholarship Tax Credits [TC-5] College Savings Plan Tax Credits [TC-6] Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7] 10tal - 1ax Credit Programs	\$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
MBT - Mining - <u>After Tax Credit Programs</u>	\$22.921.979	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0			
TOTAL MBT - NFI, FI, & MINING TOTAL MBT: BEFORE TAX CREDITS	\$704,743,710	<u>\$0</u>	<u>so</u>	<u>so</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
TOTAL COMMERCE TAX CREDITS [13-16] TOTAL MBT: <u>AFTER COMMERCE TAX CREDITS</u>	<u>-\$50.840.616</u> \$653,903,094	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
Tax Credit Programs:  Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1] Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2] Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4] Education Choice Scholarship Tax Credits [TC-5] College Savings Plan Tax Credits [TC-6] Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7]	\$0 \$0 \$0 -\$11,299,828 \$0	_	_	_				_	_	_			
Total - Tax Credit Programs	-\$11,299,828	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
TOTAL MBT: AFTER TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS	\$642,603,266	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>			

			FISCAL YEAR 2021	0, 2020		FISCAL YEAR 2022	<del></del> 1	FISCAL YEAR 2023						
	ŀ	<u> </u>	TISCAL TLAN 2021			TIOCAL TEAR 2022								
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET % FORECAST	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET % FORECAST				
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST '°	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST	FURECAST				
TAXES - CONTINUED														
INSURANCE TAXES														
3061 Insurance Premium Tax: <u>Before Tax Credits</u> [1-16]	\$458,514,238													
Tax Credit Programs:														
Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1]	\$0													
Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2]	\$0													
Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4]	\$0													
Nevada New Markets Job Act Tax Credits [TC-3]	-\$7,775,281													
Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7]														
Total - Tax Credit Programs	-\$7,775,281	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
Insurance Premium Tax: After Tax Credit Programs	\$450,738,957	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
3062 Insurance Retaliatory Tax	\$378,126	\$306,432 -19.0%	\$380,000 0.5%	\$308,650 -18.4%	\$306,432 0.0%	\$380,000 0.0%	\$318,680 3.2%	\$306,432 0.0%	\$380,000 0.0%	\$328,710 3.1%				
3067 Captive Insurer Premium Tax	\$1,244,273	\$1,244,273 0.0%	\$1,250,000 <u>0.5%</u>	\$1,259,260 1.2%	\$1,244,273 0.0%	\$1,275,000 2.0%	\$1,310,742 4.1%	\$1,244,273 <u>0.0%</u>	\$1,300,000 2.0%	\$1,370,060 4.5%				
TOTAL INSURANCE TAXES: BEFORE TAX CREDITS	\$460,136,638	\$1.550.705 -99.7%	\$1.630.000 -99.6%	\$1.567.910 -99.7%	\$1.550.705 0.0%	\$1.655.000 1.5%	\$1.629.422 3.9%	\$1.550.705 0.0%	\$1.680.000 1.5%	\$1.698.770 4.3%				
TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS	<u>-\$7,775,281</u>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
TOTAL INSURANCE TAXES: AFTER TAX CREDITS	\$452,361,356	\$1,550,705 -99.7%	\$1,630,000 <u>-99.6%</u>	\$1,567,910 -99.7%	\$1,550,705 0.0%	\$1,655,000 1.5%	\$1,629,422 3.9%	\$1,550,705 0.0%	\$1,680,000 1.5%	\$1,698,770 4.3%				
REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX (RPTT)														
3055 Real Property Transfer Tax	\$100,266,873													
GOVERMENTAL SERVICES TAX (GST)														
3051 Governmental Services Tax [14-16][2-18][5-20][2-21]	\$21,307,879	\$82,222,844 285.9%	\$96,326,000 352.1%	\$92,205,230 332.7%	\$20,555,711 -75.0%	\$24,394,000 -74.7%	\$23,012,340 -75.0%	\$20,555,711 0.0%	\$24,998,000 2.5%	\$23,592,580 2.5%				
OTHER TAXES														
3113 Business License Fee [15-16]	\$103,062,659	\$101,153,000 -1.9%	\$102,384,000 -0.7%	\$100,527,500 -2.5%	\$105,165,250 4.0%	\$100,183,000 -2.1%	\$102,035,413 1.5%	\$110,175,500 4.8%	\$100,301,000 0.1%	\$103,565,944 1.5%				
3050 Liquor Tax	\$42,312,940	\$38,000,000 -10.2%	\$38,970,000 -7.9%	\$39,780,644 -6.0%	\$42,000,000 10.5%	\$39,711,000 1.9%	\$40,977,158 3.0%	\$44,500,000 6.0%	\$40,704,000 2.5%	\$42,215,201 3.0%				
3053 Other Tobacco Tax [6-20]	\$23,200,047	\$30,689,300 32.3%	\$30,930,000 33.3%	\$28,412,350 22.5%	\$31,424,300 2.4%	\$32,428,000 4.8%	\$30,803,040 8.4%	\$32,091,400 2.1%	\$34,050,000 5.0%	\$32,373,860 5.1%				
4862 HECC Transfer	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%	\$5,000,000 0.0%				
3068 Branch Bank Excise Tax	\$2,608,720	\$2,558,500 -1.9%	\$2,627,000 0.7%	\$2,583,000 -1.0%	\$2,507,750 -2.0%	\$2,618,000 -0.3%	\$2,560,250 -0.9%	\$2,462,250 -1.8%	\$2,604,000 -0.5%	\$2,537,500 -0.9%				
Tax Amnesty [3-21]	\$0	\$14,000,000	\$14,000,000	\$14,000,000										
TOTAL TAXES: BEFORE TAX CREDITS	\$3,902,074,250	\$590,409,803 <u>-84.9%</u>	<u>\$616,111,300</u> <u>-84.2%</u>	<u>\$602,754,876</u> <u>-84.6%</u>	\$461,307,728 <u>-21.9%</u>	\$451,359,200 <u>-26.7%</u>	<u>\$452,401,907</u> <u>-24.9%</u>	\$468,769,342 <u>1.6%</u>	\$468,115,900 <u>3.7%</u>	\$459,182,449 <u>1.5%</u>				
TOTAL COMMERCE TAX CREDITS [13-16]	-\$50,840,616													
TOTAL TAXES: <u>AFTER COMMERCE TAX CREDITS</u> Tax Credit Programs:	\$3.851.233.634	\$590.409.803 <u>-84.7%</u>	\$616.111.300 <u>-84.0%</u>	\$602.754.876 -84.3%	\$461.307.728 -21.9%	\$451.359.200 -26.7%	\$452.401.907 -24.9%	\$468.769.342 <u>1.6%</u>	\$468.115.900 3.7%	\$459.182.449 1.5%				
-														
Film Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-1]	-\$337,637	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$6,000,000	-\$6,000,000	-\$6,000,000				
Economic Development Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-2]	-\$21,912,501	****		****										
Catalyst Account Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-4]	-\$300,000	-\$350,000	-\$350,000	-\$350,000	204.000.000	004.000.000	004 000 000	004 000 000	#04.000.000	204.000.000				
Nevada New Markets Job Act Tax Credits [TC-3] Education Choice Scholarship Tax Credits [TC-5]	-\$7,775,281 -\$11,299,828	-\$1,809,713 -\$11,400,000	-\$1,809,713 -\$11,400,000	-\$1,809,713 -\$11,400,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000	-\$24,000,000 -\$6,655,000				
	-\$11,299,626													
College Savings Plan Tax Credits [TC-6] Affordable Housing Transferrable Tax Credits [TC-7]	\$0	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500				
	\$0	***	***	***	-\$3,000,000	-\$3,000,000	-\$3,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000				
Total - Tax Credit Programs	-\$41,625,247	-\$23,562,213	-\$23,562,213	-\$23,562,213	-\$37,657,500	-\$37,657,500	-\$37,657,500	-\$46,657,500	-\$46,657,500 \$431,459,400 1,9%	-\$46,657,500				
TOTAL TAXES: AFTER TAX CREDITS	\$3,809,608,386	\$566,847,590 -85.1%	\$592,549,087 <u>-84.4%</u>	\$579,192,663 <u>-84.8%</u>	\$423,650,228 <u>-25.3%</u>	\$413,701,700 -30.2%	<u>\$414,744,407</u> <u>-28.4%</u>	<u>\$422,111,842</u> <u>-0.4%</u>	\$421,458,400 1.9%	\$412,524,949 -0.5%				

				FISCAL YEAR 2	2021				FISCAL YEAR 2022			FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY	%	FISCAL	%	BUDGET %	AGENCY	%	FISCAL %	BUDGET	%	AGENCY	%	FISCAL	%	BUDGET	%
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST	,,	FORECAST	,,,	FORECAST '0	FORECAST	,,	FORECAST 70	FORECAS	Г ″	FORECAST	,,	FORECAST	,,	FORECAST	,,
LICENSES																	
3101 Insurance Licenses	\$23,569,572	\$24,158,812	2.5%	\$25,219,000	7.0%	\$24,327,620 3.2%	\$24,762,782	2.5%	\$26,228,000 4.0	% \$24,945	710 2.5%	\$25,381,851	2.5%	\$27,277,000	4.0%	\$25,566,850	2.5%
3120 Marriage License	\$267,159	\$121,632	-54.5%	\$265,000	-0.8%	\$150,000 -43.9%	\$106,418	-12.5%	\$262,500 -0.9	% \$300	000 100.0%	\$91,205	-14.3%	\$262,500	0.0%	\$290,000	-3.3%
SECRETARY OF STATE																	
3105 UCC	\$3,057,329	\$3,300,000	7.9%		26.7%	\$3,069,250 0.4%	\$2,408,248	-27.0%	\$2,947,000 -23.9			\$2,408,248	0.0%	\$2,991,000	1.5%	\$2,793,060	0.3%
3129 Notary Fees	\$464,366	\$460,000	-0.9%	\$529,300	14.0%	\$495,000 6.6%	\$500,000	8.7%	\$534,600 1.0			\$500,000	0.0%	\$540,000	1.0%	\$523,000	1.6%
3130 Commercial Recordings [16-16]	\$72,629,712	\$68,929,712	-5.1%	\$75,172,000	3.5%	\$70,680,730 -2.7%	\$70,000,000	1.6%	\$75,493,000 0.4	. ,		\$72,000,000	2.9%	\$76,092,000	0.8%	\$72,057,850	1.0%
3131 Video Service Franchise	\$2,950		35.6%	\$3,000	1.7%	\$3,500 18.6%	\$4,000	0.0%	\$3,000 0.0		500 0.0%	\$4,000	0.0%	\$3,000	0.0%	\$3,500	0.0%
3121 Domestic Partnership Registry Fee	\$33,998	\$34,000		\$34,000		\$34,000	\$34,000	0.0%	\$34,000 0.0			\$34,000	0.0%	\$34,000	0.0%	\$34,000	0.0%
3152 Securities TOTAL SECRETARY OF STATE	\$30,131,586	\$32,000,000	6.2%	\$30,685,000	1.8%	\$31,796,040 <u>5.5%</u>	\$32,000,000	0.0%	\$31,145,000 <u>1.5</u>			\$32,000,000	0.0%	\$31,457,000	1.0%	\$32,742,410	1.5%
	\$106,319,941	\$104,727,712	-1.5%	\$110,296,300	3.7%	\$106,078,520 -0.2%	\$104,946,248	0.2%	\$110,156,600 -0.1			\$106,946,248	1.9%	\$111,117,000	0.9%	\$108,153,820	1.1%
3172 Private School Licenses	\$194,318	\$210,625	8.4%	\$215,000	10.6%	\$215,000 10.6%	\$231,750	10.0%	\$225,000 4.7			\$238,000	2.7%	\$230,000	2.2%	\$225,000	2.3%
3173 Private Employment Agency REAL ESTATE	\$19,700	\$21,670	10.0%	\$20,000	1.5%	\$20,000 1.5%	\$23,837	10.0%	\$21,000 5.0	% \$20	000 0.0%	\$26,221	10.0%	\$22,000	4.8%	\$20,000	0.0%
3161 Real Estate License [17-16]	\$2,533,241	\$2,442,000	-3.6%	\$2,500,000	-1.3%	\$2,469,000 -2.5%	\$2,515,260	3.0%	\$2,612,000 4.5	% \$2,525	000 2.3%	\$2,590,718	3.0%	\$2,595,000	-0.7%	\$2,595,000	2.8%
3162 Real Estate Fees	\$1,650	<u>\$1,900</u>	15.2%	\$1,700	3.0%	\$1,700 3.0%	\$1,957	3.0%	<u>\$1,700</u> 0.0	% <u>\$1</u>	700 0.0%	\$2,016	3.0%	\$1,700	0.0%	\$1,700	0.0%
TOTAL REAL ESTATE	\$2,534,891	\$2,443,900	-3.6%	\$2,501,700	-1.3%	\$2,470,700 -2.5%	\$2,517,217	3.0%	\$2,613,700 <u>4.5</u>	<u>\$2,526</u>	700 2.3%	\$2,592,734	3.0%	\$2,596,700	-0.7%	\$2,596,700	2.8%
3102 Athletic Commission Fees [18-16]	\$4,021,180	\$259,000	-93.6%	\$259,000	-93.6%	\$259,000 -93.6%	\$3,500,000	1251.4%	\$3,000,000 1058.3	% \$3,500	000 1251.4%	\$4,000,000	14.3%	\$4,000,000	33.3%	\$4,000,000	14.3%
TOTAL LICENSES	\$136,926,762	<u>\$131,943,351</u>	-3.6%	\$138,776,000	1.4%	\$133,520,840 -2.5%	\$136,088,252	3.1%	\$142,506,800 <u>2.7</u>	% \$138,478	710 3.7%	\$139,276,259	2.3%	\$145,505,200	2.1%	\$140,852,370	1.7%
FEES AND FINES																	
3203 Divorce Fees	\$144,113	\$110,412	-23.4%	\$149,000	3.4%	\$105,100 -27.1%	\$106,072	-3.9%	\$147,800 -0.8	% \$135	200 28.6%	\$101,732	-4.1%	\$146,900	-0.6%	\$128,400	-5.0%
3204 Civil Action Fees	\$1,226,220	\$1,117,692	-8.9%	\$1,220,000	-0.5%	\$700,000 -42.9%	\$1,096,476	-1.9%	\$1,224,000 0.3	% \$1,254	100 79.2%	\$1,075,260	-1.9%	\$1,230,000	0.5%	\$1,264,200	0.8%
3242 Insurance Fines	\$390,033	\$390,033	0.0%	\$400,000	2.6%	\$400,000 2.6%	\$390,033	0.0%	\$400,000 0.0	% \$400	0.0%	\$390,033	0.0%	\$400,000	0.0%	\$400,000	0.0%
3242LC Investigative Costs Recovery - Labor Commission	\$18,000	\$19,800	10.0%	\$20,000	11.1%	\$20,000 11.1%	\$21,780	10.0%	\$20,000 0.0	% \$20	0.0%	\$23,958	10.0%	\$20,000	0.0%	\$20,000	0.0%
3103MD Medical Plan Discount Reg. Fees	\$0																
REAL ESTATE FEES																	
3107IOS IOS Application Fees	\$6,600	\$6,800	3.0%	\$6,500	-1.5%	\$7,000 6.1%	\$7,004	3.0%	\$6,600 1.5	% \$7	0.0%	\$7,214	3.0%	\$6,700	1.5%	\$7,000	0.0%
3165 Land Co Filing Fees [19-16]	\$19,400	\$25,000	28.9%	\$20,000	3.1%	\$25,000 28.9%	\$25,000	0.0%	\$25,000 25.0	% \$25	0.0%	\$25,000	0.0%	\$25,000	0.0%	\$25,000	0.0%
3169 Real Estate Reg Fees	\$14,450	\$9,500	-34.3%	\$15,000	3.8%	\$15,000 3.8%		0.0%	\$15,000 0.0	% \$10	000 -33.3%		0.0%	\$15,000	0.0%	\$10,000	0.0%
ı -							\$9,500								0.0%	\$610,000	1.7%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees	\$442,139	\$591,948	33.9%	\$600,000	35.7%	\$590,000 33.4%	\$9,500 \$597,867	1.0%	\$600,000 0.0			\$603,846	1.0%	\$600,000			
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees	\$100,475	\$591,948 \$105,400	33.9% 4.9%	\$600,000 \$105,000	4.5%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5%	\$597,867 \$105,400	1.0% 0.0%	\$107,500 2.4	% \$110	000 0.0%	\$105,400	0.0%	\$110,000	2.3%	\$110,000	0.0%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties	\$100,475 \$83,050	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202	33.9% 4.9% 8.6%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000	4.5% 8.4%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202	1.0%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95	0.0% 000 0.0%	\$105,400 \$90,202	0.0% 0.0%	\$110,000 \$90,000		\$95,000	0.0%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors	\$100,475 \$83,050 <u>\$62,730</u>	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% <u>-1.3%</u>	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000	4.5% 8.4% <u>-1.2%</u>	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60.000 -4.4%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u>	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95 <u>%</u> \$60	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 <u>0.0%</u>	\$105,400 \$90,202 <u>\$61,900</u>	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u>	\$110,000 \$90,000 <u>\$62,000</u>	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u>	\$95,000 \$60,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u>
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES	\$100,475 \$83,050 <u>\$62,730</u> <u>\$728,844</u>	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500	4.5% 8.4% <u>-1.2%</u> <u>23.3%</u>	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 -4.4% \$902,000 23.8%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u>	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8	% \$110 % \$95 <u>%</u> \$60 <u>%</u> \$907	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 <u>0.0%</u> 000 <u>0.6%</u>	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u>	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u>	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>1.1%</u>
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000	4.5% 8.4% <u>-1.2%</u> <u>23.3%</u> -16.8%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 4.4% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 8.1%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.8	% \$110 % \$95 <u>% \$60</u> <u>% \$907</u> % \$42,468	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 <u>0.0%</u> 000 <u>0.6%</u> 540 19.1%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 12.5%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u> 8.5%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>1.1%</u> 9.4%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines	\$100,475 \$83,050 <u>\$62,730</u> <u>\$728,844</u> \$45,208,997 \$135,750	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$168,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 4.4% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 8.1% -28.6%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.5 \$120,000 -28.6	% \$110 % \$95 <u>% \$60</u> % \$907 % \$42,468 % \$120	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 <u>0.0%</u> 000 <u>0.6%</u> 540 19.1%	\$105,400 \$90,202 <u>\$61,900</u> <u>\$903,062</u> \$45,000,000 \$135,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 12.5%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u> 8.5% 12.5%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>1.1%</u> 9.4%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines 3150 Navigable Water Permit Fees [3-18]	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997 \$135,750 \$65,000	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000 \$65,000	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8% 0.0%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$168,000 \$65,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8% 0.0%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 -4.4% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8% \$65,000 0.0%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 8.1% -28.6% 0.0%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.8 \$120,000 -28.6 \$65,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95 <u>%</u> \$60 <u>%</u> \$997 % \$42,468 % \$120 % \$65	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 0.6% 000 0.6% 540 19.1% 000 -28.6%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000 \$135,000 \$65,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 12.5% 12.5% 0.0%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000 \$65,000	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u> 8.5% 12.5% 0.0%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000 \$65,000	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>1.1%</u> 9.4% 12.5% 0.0%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines 3150 Navigable Water Permit Fees [3-18] 3205 State Engineer Sales [4-18]	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997 \$135,750 \$65,000 \$3,731,855	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8% 0.0% 0.1%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8% 0.0% 0.5%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 4.4% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8% \$65,000 0.0%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> 0.7% 8.1% -28.6% 0.0%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.5 \$120,000 -28.6 \$65,000 0.0 \$3,750,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95 <u>%</u> \$60 <u>%</u> \$997 % \$42,468 % \$120 % \$65 % \$3,826	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 0.6% 540 19.1% 000 -28.6% 000 0.0%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 12.5% 12.5% 0.0%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u> 8.5% 12.5% 0.0%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,826,370	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.1% 9.4% 12.5% 0.0%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines 3150 Navigable Water Permit Fees [3-18] 3205 State Engineer Sales [4-18] 3206 Supreme Court Fees	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997 \$135,750 \$65,000 \$3,731,855 \$205,770	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$228,960	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8% 0.0% 0.1% 11.3%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$225,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8% 0.0% 0.5% 9.3%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 4.4.4% \$60,000 -4.4.8% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8% \$65,000 0.0% \$3,826,370 2.5% \$228,960 11.3%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$235,715	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 8.1% -28.6% 0.0% 0.0% 3.0%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.8 \$120,000 -28.6 \$65,000 0.0 \$3,750,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95 <u>%</u> \$60 <u>%</u> \$907 % \$42,468 % \$120 % \$65 % \$3,826 % \$235	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 0.6% 540 19.1% 000 -28.6% 000 0.0% 370 0.0%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$236,375	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 12.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$235,000	2.3% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3% 8.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 2.2%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,826,370 \$236,370	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.1% 9.4% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines 3150 Navigable Water Permit Fees [3-18] 3205 State Engineer Sales [4-18] 3206 Supreme Court Fees 3115 Notice of Default Fee	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997 \$135,750 \$65,000 \$3,731,855 \$205,770 \$487,642	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$228,960 \$600,000	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8% 0.0% 0.1% 11.3% 23.0%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$225,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8% 0.0% 0.5% 9.3% -59.0%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 14.4% \$60,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8% \$65,000 0.0% \$3,826,370 2.5% \$228,960 11.3%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$235,715 \$675,000	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 8.1% -28.6% 0.0% 3.0% 12.5%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.6 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.5 \$120,000 -28.6 \$65,000 0.0 \$3,750,000 0.0 \$230,000 2.2 \$400,000 100.0	% \$110 % \$95 <u>% \$60</u> % \$907 % \$42,468 % \$120 % \$65 % \$3,826 % \$235 % \$735	0000 0.0% 0000 0.0% 0000 0.6% 0000 0.6% 540 19.1% 0000 -28.6% 0000 0.0% 370 0.0% 710 2.9%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$236,375 \$600,000	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 12.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3% -11.1%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$235,000 \$400,000	2.3% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.3%</u> 8.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 2.2%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,826,370 \$236,370 \$615,000	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.1% 9.4% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3% -16.3%
4741 Real Estate Exam Fees 3178 Real Estate Accred Fees 3254 Real Estate Penalties 3190 A.B. 165, Real Estate Inspectors TOTAL REAL ESTATE FEES 3066 Short Term Car Lease 3103AC Athletic Commission Licenses/Fines 3150 Navigable Water Permit Fees [3-18] 3205 State Engineer Sales [4-18] 3206 Supreme Court Fees	\$100,475 \$83,050 \$62,730 \$728,844 \$45,208,997 \$135,750 \$65,000 \$3,731,855 \$205,770	\$591,948 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$890,750 \$37,000,000 \$168,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$228,960 \$600,000 \$1,273,804	33.9% 4.9% 8.6% -1.3% 22.2% -18.2% 23.8% 0.0% 0.1% 11.3%	\$600,000 \$105,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$898,500 \$37,602,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$225,000 \$225,000 \$1,500,000	4.5% 8.4% -1.2% 23.3% -16.8% 23.8% 0.0% 0.5% 9.3%	\$590,000 33.4% \$110,000 9.5% \$95,000 4.4.4% \$60,000 -4.4.8% \$902,000 23.8% \$35,646,290 -21.2% \$168,000 23.8% \$65,000 0.0% \$3,826,370 2.5% \$228,960 11.3%	\$597,867 \$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$896,873 \$40,000,000 \$120,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$235,715	1.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 8.1% -28.6% 0.0% 0.0% 3.0%	\$107,500 2.4 \$90,000 0.0 \$62,000 0.0 \$906,100 0.8 \$43,798,000 16.8 \$120,000 -28.6 \$65,000 0.0 \$3,750,000 0.0	% \$110 % \$95 % \$60 % \$907 % \$42,468 % \$120 % \$65 % \$3,826 % \$235 % \$735 % \$2,500	000 0.0% 000 0.0% 000 0.6% 540 19.1% 000 -28.6% 000 0.0% 370 0.0% 710 2.9% 000 145.0%	\$105,400 \$90,202 \$61,900 \$903,062 \$45,000,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,733,894 \$236,375	0.0% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>0.7%</u> 12.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0%	\$110,000 \$90,000 \$62,000 \$908,700 \$47,535,000 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,750,000 \$235,000	2.3% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3% 8.5% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 2.2%	\$95,000 \$60,000 \$917,000 \$46,478,160 \$135,000 \$65,000 \$3,826,370 \$236,370	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.1% 9.4% 12.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.3%

			FISCAL YEAR 2021	0, 2020		FISCAL YEAR 2022		FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY o	FISCAL 0/	BUDGET 0/	AGENCY or	FISCAL 0/	BUDGET o/	AGENCY %	FISCAL 0/	BUDGET 0/			
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST %	FORECAST <sup>%</sup>	FORECAST <sup>%</sup>	FORECAST <sup>%</sup>	FORECAST <sup>%</sup>							
USE OF MONEY AND PROP													
OTHER REPAYMENTS													
4403 Forestry Nurseries Fund Repayment (05-M27)	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670	\$20,670			
4408 Comp/Fac Repayment	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032	\$13,032			
4408 EITS Repayment - State Microwave Comms System [1-18]	\$57,900	\$57,900	\$57,900	\$57,900	\$266,915	\$266,915	\$266,915	\$266,915	\$266,915	\$266,915			
4408 EITS Repayment - Cyber Security Enhancement [2-18]	\$201,079	\$178,351	\$178,351	\$178,351	\$124,406	\$124,406	\$124,406						
4408 EITS Repayment - Wide-Area Network Upgrade [3-19]	\$499,724	\$499,724	\$499,724	\$499,724	\$223,808	\$223,808	\$223,808						
4408 EITS Repayment - Enterprise Cloud Application [1-22]					\$448,209	\$448,209	\$448,209	\$448,209	\$448,209	\$448,209			
4408 EITS Repayment - Firewall Replacement [2-22]					\$679,792	\$679,792	\$679,792	\$679,792	\$679,792	\$679,792			
4409 Motor Pool Repay - LV	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000			
TOTAL OTHER REPAYMENTS	<u>\$917,405</u>	<u>\$894,677</u> <u>-2.5%</u>	<u>\$894,677</u> <u>-2.5%</u>	<u>\$894,677</u> -2.5%	\$1,901,832 112.6%	\$1,901,832 <u>112.6%</u>	\$1,901,832 <u>112.6%</u>	\$1,553,618 -18.3%	\$1,553,618 -18.3%	\$1,553,618 -18.3%			
INTEREST INCOME	**** **** ****	07.100.100	<b>67</b> 400 000 04 40/	07.400.400 04.40/	04.005.004 00.00/	04.000.000 00.000	04.005.004 00.007	00 000 047 44 00/	#0.000.000 44.00V	#0 000 017 11 00/			
3290 Treasurer 3291 Other	\$20,026,728	\$7,136,199 -64.4%	\$7,136,000 -64.4%	\$7,136,199 -64.4%	\$4,295,981 -39.8%	\$4,296,000 -39.8%	\$4,295,981 -39.8%	\$6,068,617 41.3%	\$6,069,000 41.3% \$50,000 43.0%	\$6,068,617 41.3%			
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	<u>\$177,821</u> \$20,204,550	\$7,565 <u>-95.7%</u>	\$25,000 -85.9% \$7,161,000 64.6%	\$20,000 -88.8%	\$7,565 0.0% \$4,303,546 -39.8%	\$35,000 40.0%	\$50,000 <u>150.0%</u>	\$7,565 0.0% \$6,076,182 41.2%	\$50,000 42.9%	\$60,000 20.0% \$6,128,617 41.0%			
TOTAL USE OF MONEY & PROP	\$20,204,550 \$21,121,955	\$7,143,764 -64.6% \$8.038.441 -61.9%	\$7,161,000 -64.6% \$8,055,677 -61.9%	\$7,156,199 -64.6% \$8,050,876 -61.9%	\$4,303,546 -39.8% \$6,205,378 -22.8%	\$4,331,000 -39.5% \$6,232,832 -22.6%	\$4,345,981 -39.3% \$6,247.813 -22.4%	\$6,076,182 41.2% \$7,629,800 23.0%	\$6,119,000 41.3% \$7,672,618 23.1%	\$6,128,617 41.0% \$7,682,235 23.0%			
OTHER REVENUE	\$21.121.955	<u> 56.036.441</u> -01.970	<u> 56.055.677 -01.870</u>	<u> 56.050.676</u> <u>-01.976</u>	36.205.376 -22.070	<u> 30.232.832 <del>-</del>22.070</u>	<u> 30.247.813 -22.470</u>	\$7.629.800 <u>23.07</u> 0	<u> \$7.072.018</u> <u>23.170</u>	<u>\$7.082.235</u> <u>23.07</u> 0			
3059 Hoover Dam Revenue	\$300,000	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%	\$300,000 0.0%			
	φ500,000	ψουσ,σου σ.σ 70	φοσο,σσο σ.σ <i>7</i> σ	φοσο,σσσ σ.σ / σ	φοου,ουσ σ.σ / ο	ψοσο,σσσ σ.σ /σ	ψοσο,σσο σ.σ /σ	φοσο,σσσ σ.σ / σ	φοου,σου σ.σ / σ	\$000,000 0.070			
MISC SALES AND REFUNDS													
3047 Expired Slot Machine Wagering Vouchers	\$10,821,026	\$7,951,799 -26.5%	\$7,952,000 -26.5%	\$7,951,799 -26.5%	\$8,360,349 5.1%	\$8,360,000 5.1%	\$8,360,349 5.1%	\$9,635,190 15.2%	\$9,635,000 15.3%	\$9,635,190 15.2%			
3107 Misc Fees [3-18]	\$410,057	\$439,635 7.2%	\$440,000 7.3%	\$450,000 9.7%	\$439,635 0.0%	\$440,000 0.0%	\$450,000 0.0%	\$439,635 0.0%	\$440,000 0.0%	\$450,000 0.0%			
3109 Court Admin Assessments [21-16][6-18][7-20] 3114 Court Administrative Assessment Fee	\$0	£4.600.007 40.00/	¢4.754.000 4.00/	£4 600 000 40 00/	60.075.400 .00.00/	£4.002.000	62.075.500 20.00/	#0.406.006 F.00/	f4 024 000 2 00/	\$2.400.000 F.00/			
3168 Declare of Candidacy Filing Fee	\$1,831,501 \$20,405	\$1,608,907 -12.2% \$30,000 47.0%	\$1,754,000 -4.2% \$20,000 -2.0%	\$1,608,900 -12.2% \$20,000 -2.0%	\$2,075,490 29.0% \$30,000 0.0%	\$1,863,000 6.2% \$35,000 75.0%	\$2,075,500 29.0% \$40,000 100.0%	\$2,196,906 5.9% \$30,000 0.0%	\$1,934,000 3.8% \$20,000 -42.9%	\$2,196,900 5.8% \$20,000 -50.0%			
3202 Fees & Writs of Garnishments	\$20,405 \$1,295	\$30,000 47.0% \$1,060 -18.1%	\$20,000 -2.0% \$1,000 -22.8%	\$20,000 -2.0% \$1,000 -22.8%	\$849 -19.9%	\$35,000 75.0% \$1,000 0.0%	\$2,000 100.0%	\$50,000 0.0%	\$20,000 -42.9%	\$20,000 -50.0%			
3220 Nevada Report Sales	\$1,293 \$3,450	\$6,875 99.3%	\$6,900 100.0%	\$6,875 99.3%	\$7,500 9.1%	\$7,500 8.7%	\$7,500 9.1%	\$7,500 0.0%	\$7,500 0.0%	\$7,500 0.0%			
3222 Excess Property Sales	\$6,446	\$6,446 0.0%	\$6,000 -6.9%	\$6,000 -6.9%	\$6,446 0.0%	\$6,000 0.0%	\$6,000 0.0%	\$6,446 0.0%	\$6,000 0.0%	\$6,000 0.0%			
3240 Sale of Trust Property	\$573	\$573 0.0%	\$600 4.7%	\$600 4.7%	\$573 0.0%	\$600 0.0%	\$1,500 150.0%	\$573 0.0%	\$600 0.0%	\$1,500 0.0%			
3243 Insurance - Misc	\$364,448	\$364,448 0.0%	\$360,000 -1.2%	\$370,000 1.5%	\$364,448 0.0%	\$360,000 0.0%	\$370,000 0.0%	\$364,448 0.0%	\$360,000 0.0%	\$370,000 0.0%			
3274 Misc Refunds	\$30,139	\$34,000 12.8%	\$34,000 12.8%	\$35,000 16.1%	\$34,000 0.0%	\$34,000 0.0%	\$35,000 0.0%	\$34,000 0.0%	\$34,000 0.0%	\$35,000 0.0%			
3276 Cost Recovery Plan [7-18][8-20]	\$10,588,533	\$10,981,630 3.7%	\$10,981,630 <u>3.7%</u>	\$10,981,630 3.7%	\$10,206,992 <u>-7.1%</u>	\$10,206,992 -7.1%	\$10,206,992 <u>-7.1%</u>	\$9,803,603 -4.0%	\$9,803,603 -4.0%	\$9,803,603 -4.0%			
TOTAL MISC SALES & REF	\$24,077,873	\$21,425,373 -11.0%	\$21,556,130 -10.5%	\$21,431,804 -11.0%	\$21,526,282 <u>0.5%</u>	\$21,314,092 <u>-1.1%</u>	\$21,554,841 0.6%	\$22,518,999 4.6%	\$22,241,703 4.4%	\$22,527,693 4.5%			
3255 Unclaimed Property	\$31,198,989	\$27,387,335 <u>-12.2%</u>	\$27,778,000 <u>-11.0%</u>	\$27,387,335 -12.2%	\$27,317,488 <u>-0.3%</u>	\$27,708,000 <u>-0.3%</u>	\$27,317,488 <u>-0.3%</u>	\$27,245,083 <u>-0.3%</u>	\$27,635,000 <u>-0.3%</u>	\$27,245,083 -0.3%			
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	\$55,576,862	\$49,112,708 -11.6%	\$49,634,130 <u>-10.7%</u>	\$49,119,139 <u>-11.6%</u>	\$49,143,770 <u>0.1%</u>	\$49,322,092 <u>-0.6%</u>	\$49,172,329 <u>0.1%</u>	\$50,064,082 <u>1.9%</u>	\$50,176,703 <u>1.7%</u>	\$50,072,776 <u>1.8%</u>			
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUE: BEFORE TAX CREDITS	\$4,169,713,203	\$825.102.647 -80.2%	\$858.774.607 -79.4%	\$837.807.451 -79.9%	\$701.246.500 -15.0%	\$702.481.824 -18.2%	\$698.967.679 -16.6%	<u>\$719.203.594</u> 2.6%	\$728.796.021 3.7%	\$714.375.330 2.2%			
TOTAL COMMERCE TAX CREDITS [13-16]	-\$50,840,616												
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUE: AFTER COMMERCE TAX	<b>** *** *** *** *** *** *** **</b>	6005 100 017 00 00/	0050 774 007 70 00/	0007.007.454 70.70/	\$704.040.F00 4F.08/	#700 404 004 40 0°/	4000 007 070 40 00/	#740 000 F04 0 00°	6700 700 004 0 70/	\$744.07F.000 0.00/			
CREDITS	\$4,118,872,587	\$825,102,647 <u>-80.0%</u>	\$858,774,607 <u>-79.2%</u>	<u>\$837,807,451</u> <u>-79.7%</u>	\$701,246,500 -15.0%	\$702,481,824 -18.2%	\$698,967,679 -16.6%	\$719,203,594 2.6%	<u>\$728,796,021</u> <u>3.7%</u>	<u>\$714,375,330</u> <u>2.2%</u>			
TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS:													
FILM TRANSFERRABLE TAX CREDITS [TC-1]	-\$337,637	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$4,000,000	-\$6,000,000	-\$6,000,000	-\$6,000,000			
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TRANSFERRABLE TAX	-\$21,912,501												
CREDITS [TC-2]	-\$21,912,501												
CATALYST ACCOUNT TRANSFERRABLE TAX CREDITS	-\$300,000	-\$350,000	-\$350,000	-\$350,000									
[TC-4]													
NEVADA NEW MARKET JOBS ACT TAX CREDITS [TC-3]	-\$7,775,281	-\$1,809,713	-\$1,809,713	-\$1,809,713	-\$24,000,000	-\$24,000,000	-\$24,000,000	-\$24,000,000	-\$24,000,000	-\$24,000,000			
EDUCATION CHOICE SCHOLARSHIP TAX CREDITS [TC-5]	-\$11,299,828	-\$11,400,000	-\$11,400,000	-\$11,400,000	-\$6,655,000	-\$6,655,000	-\$6,655,000	-\$6,655,000	-\$6,655,000	-\$6,655,000			
COLLEGE SAVINGS PLAN TAX CREDITS [TC-6]	\$0	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500	-\$2,500			
AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRANSFERRABLE TAX CREDITS [TC-7]	\$0				-\$3,000,000	-\$3,000,000	-\$3,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000	-\$10,000,000			
	£44.005.01	#00 F00 040	#00 F60 040	#00 F00 040	<b>607.657.500</b>	P27 CE7 500	P27 CE7 500	PAC CE7 500	\$46.6E7.500	\$40.0E7.500			
TOTAL- TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS	-\$41,625,247	-\$23,562,213	-\$23,562,213	-\$23,562,213	-\$37,657,500	-\$37,657,500	-\$37,657,500	-\$46,657,500	-\$46,657,500	-\$46,657,500			
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUE: AFTER TAX CREDITS	\$4,077,247,340	\$801,540,434 <u>-80.3%</u>	\$835,212,394 -79.5%	\$814,245,238 <u>-80.0%</u>	\$663,589,000 -17.2%	\$664,824,324 <u>-20.4%</u>	\$661,310,179 <u>-18.8%</u>	\$672,546,094 <u>1.3</u> %	\$682,138,521 2.6%	\$667,717,830 1.0%			

## TABLE 3

## GENERAL FUND REVENUE FORECASTS: AGENCY - FISCAL - BUDGET DECEMBER 3, 2020 FORECAST: FY 2021, FY 2022 and FY 2023

Economic Forum December 3, 2020. Meeting - 11/24/20 - 7:30 AM

			FISCAL YEAR 2021			FISCAL YEAR 2022		FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L.	FY 2020	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %	AGENCY %	FISCAL %	BUDGET %			
NO.	ACTUAL	FORECAST %	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST	FORECAST			

#### NOTES.

#### FY 2016: Note 1 represents legislative actions approved during the 28th Special Session in September 2014.

[1-16] Assembly Bill 3 (28th S.S.) limits the amount of the home office credit that may be taken against the Insurance Premium Tax to an annual limit of \$5 million, effective January 1, 2016. The home office credit is eliminated pursuant to this bill, effective January 1, 2021.

### FY 2016: Notes 2 through 21 represent legislative actions approved during the 2015 Legislative Session.

- 2-16] S.B. 483 extends the June 30, 2015, sunset (approved in S.B. 475 (2013)) by one year to June 30, 2016, on the Net Proceeds of Minerals (NPM) tax, which continues the payment of taxes in the current fiscal year based on the estimated net proceeds for the current calendar year with a true-up against actual net proceeds for the calendar year in the next fiscal year. The one-year extension of the sunset is estimated to yield \$34,642,000 in FY 2016. There is no estimated tax payment in FY 2017 with the one-year extension of the prepayment of NPM taxes.
- [3-16] S.B. 483 extends the June 30, 2015, sunset (approved in S.B. 475 (2013)) by one-year to June 30, 2016, that eliminates health and industrial insurance deduction changes are effective for the NPM tax payments due in FY 2016. The health and industrial insurance deduction changes are estimated to generate \$4,221,000 in additional revenue in FY 2016.
- [4-16] S.B. 483 makes the 0.35% increase in the Local School Support Tax (LSST) permanent. The 0.35% increase generates additional revenue from the 0.75% General Fund Commission assessed against LSST proceeds before distribution to school districts in each county, which is estimated to generate \$1,387,300 in FY 2016 and \$1,463,400 in FY 2017.
- [5-16] S.B. 266 makes changes to the structure of the tax base and tax rate for the Live Entertainment Tax (LET) in NRS Chapter 368A that is administered by the Gaming Control Board for live entertainment at licensed gaming establishments and the Department of Taxation for live entertainment for Taxation for live entertainment tax (LET) in NRS Chapter 368A that is administered by the Gaming Control Board for live entertainment at licensed gaming establishments and the Department of Taxation for live entertainment to for often demonstrated in provided at a facility with a maximum occupancy of less than 7,500 persons, and 5% of the admission charge only, if the live entertainment is provided at a facility with a maximum occupancy equal to or greater than 7,500 persons. S.B. 266 removes the occupancy threshold and establishes a single 9% tax rate to not he admission charge to the facility only. The tax rate does not apply to amounts paid for food, refreshments, and merchandise unless that the exemption from the LET for creatin nonprofit organizations applies depending on the number of tickets oo enter the facility only. The base and makes these activities subject to the 9% tax rate. The bill provides that the exemption from the LET for creatin nonprofit organizations applies depending on the number of tickets of live of live entertainment being provided. S.B. 266 establishes an exemption for the following: 1.) the value of certain admissions provided on a complimentary basis; 2.) a charge for access to a table, seat, or lounge or for food, beverages, and merchandise that are in addition to the admission charge to the facility, and 3.) certain license and rental fees of luxury suites, boxes, or similar products at a facility with a maximum occupancy of more than 7,500 persons. The provisions of S.B. 266 also make other changes to the types of activities that are included or excluded from the tax base as live entertainment events subject to the 9% tax rate. The bill provisions of S.B. 266 on the amount of the LET co
- [6-16] S.B. 483 establishes the Commerce Tax as an annual tax on each business entity engaged in business in the state whose Nevada gross revenue in a fiscal year exceeds \$4,000,000 at a tax rate based on the industry in which the business is primarily engaged. The Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on or before the 45th day immediately following the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the Commerce Tax is due on the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th) and the fiscal year taxable period (June 30th). Although the fiscal year taxable period (Ju
- [7-16] A.B. 175 requires the collection of an excise tax by the Nevada Transportation Authority or the Taxicab Authority, as applicable, on the connection of a passenger to a driver affiliated with a transportation network company, a common motor carrier of passengers, or a taxicab equal to 3% of the fare charged to the passenger. The excise tax becomes effective on passage and approval (May 29, 2015) for transportation network companies and August 28, 2015, for common motor carrier and taxicab companies. The first \$5,000,000 in tax proceeds from each biennium are required to be deposited in the State Highway Fund and the estimate for FY 2016 reflects this requirement.
- [8-16] S.B. 483 increases the cigarette tax per pack of 20 by \$1.00 from 80 cents per pack (10 cents to Local Government Distribution Fund, \$1.70 to State General Fund), effective July 1, 2015. The \$1.00 per pack increase is estimated to generate \$96.872.000 in FY 2016 and \$95.391.000 in FY 2017.
- [9-16] S.B. 483 permanently changes the structure and tax rate for the Modified Business Tax on General Business (nonfinancial institutions) by exempting quarterly taxable wages (gross wages less allowable health care expenses) paid by an employer to employees up to and including \$50,000 per quarter and taxable wages exceeding \$50,000 per quarter are taxed at 1.475%. The taxable wages exceeding \$50,000 per quarter are taxed at 1.475% to quarter are taxed and taxable wages per quarter. The provisions in S.B. 483 are effective July 1, 2015. The estimated net increase in MBT-NF1 tax collections from the 1.475% tax rate on quarterly taxable wages exceeding \$50,000 compared to the Economic Forum May 1, 2015, forecast, based on the 0.63% tax rate on all quarterly taxable wages before accounting for the estimated impact of any other legislatively approved changes to the MBT-NF1 is \$268,041,000 for FY 2017.
- [10-16] A.B. 389 deems the client company of an employee leasing company to be the employer of the employees it leases for the purposes of NRS Chapter 612 (unemployment compensation). Under these provisions, the wages of employees leasing companies by client companies will no longer be reported on an aggregated basis under the employee leasing company. The wages of the employees will now be reported on a disaggregated basis under each client company. Instead of the \$50,000 quarterly exemption applying to the employee leasing company, it will now apply to each client company. These provisions are effective October 1, 2015. The wages paid to employees being reported on a disaggregated basis for each client company versus an aggregated basis for each client company is estimated to reduce MBT-NFI collections by \$2,758,000 in FY 2016 and \$3,861,000 in FY 2016 and \$3,86
- [11-16] S.B. 483 requires businesses subject to the Net Proceeds of Minerals (NPM) tax in NRS Chapter 363A. These provisions are effective July 1, 2015. This change is estimated to reduce MBT-NF1 tax collections by \$10,884,000 in both FY 2016 and FY 2017. The mining companies paying the 2% tax rate on all taxable wages are estimated to generate \$17,353,000 in both FY 2016 and FY 2017 for the MBT-Mining. This change is estimated to yield a net increase in General Fund revenue of \$64,000 in both FY 2016 and FY 2017.
- [12-16] S.B. 103 exempts from the definition of "financial institution" in NRS Chapter 363A any person who is primarily engaged in the sale, solicitation, or negotiation of insurance, which makes such a person subject to the Modified Business Tax on General Business (nonfinancial institutions) in NRS Chapter 363B at 1.475% on quarterly taxable wages exceeding \$50,000 and not the 2.0% tax on all quarterly taxable wages. These provisions are effective July 1, 2015. MBT-FI is estimated to be reduced by \$891,000 in FY 2016 and \$936,000 and the MBT-NFI is estimated to be increased by \$278,000 in FY 2016 and \$291,000 in FY 2017. The net decrease in General Fund revenue is estimated to be \$613,000 in FY 2016 and \$454,000 in FY 2017.
- [13-16] S.B. 483 provides for a credit against a business's Modified Business Tax (MBT) due during the current fiscal year not to exceed 50% of the Commerce Tax paid by the business for the preceding fiscal year. The credit can be taken against any or all of the four quarterly MBT payments for the current fiscal year, but any amount of credit not used cannot be carried forward and used in succeeding fiscal years. The total estimated Commerce Tax paid by the business for the preceding fiscal year. The credit can be taken against any or all of the four quarterly MBT payments for the current fiscal year, but any amount of credit not used cannot be carried forward and used in succeeding fiscal years. The total estimated Commerce Tax paid by the business for the preceding fiscal year. The credit can be taken against any or all of the four quarterly MBT payments for the current fiscal year, but any amount of credit not used cannot be carried forward and used in succeeding fiscal years. The total estimated Commerce Tax paid by the business for the preceding fiscal year.
- [14-16] S.B. 483 requires 100% of the proceeds from the portion of the Governmental Services Tax (GST) generated from the 10% depreciation schedule change, approved in S.B. 429 (2009), to be allocated to the State General Fund in FY 2016. In FY 2017, 50% of the proceeds will be allocated to the State General Fund and 50% to the State Highway Fund. Under S.B. 483, 100% of the additional revenue generated from the GST 10% depreciation schedule change is required to be deposited in the State Highway Fund beginning in FY 2018 and going forward permanently.
- [15-16] S.B. 483 makes the \$100 increase in the Business License Fee (BLF) from \$100 to \$200 permanent for the initial and annual renewal, that was scheduled to sunset on June 30, 2015, (as approved in A.B. 475 (2013)) for all types of businesses, except for corporations. The initial and annual renewal fee for corporations, as specified in S.B. 483, is increased from \$200 to \$500 permanently. These provisions are effective July 1, 2015. The changes to the BLF are estimated to general Eurod revenue of \$63,093,000 in FY 2017 in relation of the Economic Forum May 1, 2015, forecast with all business types paying a
- [16-16] S.B. 483 permanently increases the fee for filing the initial and annual list of directors and officers by \$25 that is required to be paid by each business entity organizing under the various chapters in Title 7 of the NRS, effective July 1, 2015. The \$25 increase in the initial and annual list filing fee is estimated to increase Commercial Recordings Fee revenue by \$2,751,000 in FY 2016 and \$2,807,000 in FY 2017.
- [17-16] A.B. 475 changes the initial period from 24 to 12 months and the renewal period from 48 to 24 months for a license as a real estate broker, broker-salesperson, or salesperson and also changes the period for other licenses from 48 to 24 months, effective July 1, 2015. Existing licenses issued before July 1, 2015, do not need to be renewed until the expiration date required under statute prior to July 1, 2015. This change in the licensing period is estimated to reduce Real Estate License Fee revenue by \$1,693,400 in FY 2016 and \$1,404,200 in FY 2017.
- [18-16] A.B. 476 increases the current 6% license fee on the gross receipts from admission charges to unarmed combat events, that is dedicated to the State General Fund, by 2% to 8% with 75% of the proceeds from the 8% fee deposited in the State General Fund and 25% retained by the Athletic Commission to fund the agency's operations. A.B. 476 repeals the two-tiered fee based on the revenues from the sale or lease of broadcast, television and motion picture rights that is dedicated to the State General Fund. A.B. 476 allows the promoter of an unarmed combat event a credit against the 8% license fee equal to the amount paid to the Athletic Commission or organization sanctioned by the Commission to administer a drug testing program for unarmed combatants. These provisions are effective June 9, 2015, based on the passage and approval effective date provisions of A.B. 476. These changes are estimated to reduce Athletic Commission Fee revenue by \$600,000 in both FY 2016 and FY 2017.
- [19-16] A.B. 478 increases certain fees relating to application or renewals paid by developers for exemptions to any provisions administered by the Real Estate Division of the Department of Business and Industry, and requires that all fees collected for this purpose be kept by the Division, effective July 1, 2015. This requirement for the Division to keep these fees is estimated to reduce Real Estate Land Company filing fees by approximately \$152,600 in FY 2017.
- [20-16] A.B. 491 (2013) required the proceeds from the commission retained by the Department of Motor Vehicles from the amount of Governmental Services Tax (GST) collected and any penalties for delinquent payment of the GST to be transferred to the State General Fund in FY 2015 only. A.B. 491 specified that the amount transferred shall not exceed \$20,813,716 from commissions and \$4,097,964 from penalties in FY 2015. A.B. 490 amended the commissions and the penalties.
- [21-16] Estimated portion of the revenue generated from Court Administrative Assessment Fees to be deposited in the State General Fund (pursuant to subsection 9 of NRS 176.059), based on the legislatively approved projections and the authorized allocation for the Court Administrative Assessment Fee revenues (pursuant to subsection 8 of NRS 176.059) for FY 2016 and FY 2017.

## TABLE 3

# GENERAL FUND REVENUE FORECASTS: AGENCY - FISCAL - BUDGET DECEMBER 3, 2020 FORECAST: FY 2021, FY 2022 and FY 2023

Economic Forum December 3, 2020. Meeting - 11/24/20 - 7:30 AM

		FISCAL YEAR 2021						FISCAL YEAR 2022						FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L. NO.	FY 2020 ACTUAL	AGENCY %		FISCAL % FORECAST %	ò	BUDGET % FORECAST		AGENCY FORECAST	%	FISCAL FORECAST	%	BUDGET FORECAST	%	AGENCY FORECAST	%	FISCAL FORECAST	%	BUDGET FORECAST	%

### FY 2018: Note 1 represents legislative actions approved during the 2015 Legislative Session.

1-18] Section 51 of S.B. 514 allows the Division of Enterprise Information Technology Services of the Department of Administration to use revenues from intergovernmental transfers to the State General Fund for the repayment of special appropriations that were made to the Division for the replacement of the state's microwave communications system. The legislatively approved repayment from the Division to the State General Fund is \$57,900 per year between FY 2018 and FY 2021, with increased repayments between FY 2022 and FY 2028.

#### FY 2018: Notes 2 through 7 represent legislative actions approved during the 2017 Legislative Session.

- 2-18] A.B. 486 requires 25% of the proceeds from the portion of the Governmental Services Tax (GST) generated from the 10% depreciation schedule change, approved in S.B. 429 (2009), to be allocated to the State General Fund in FY 2018 and FY 2019, with the remaining 75% deposited in the State Highway Fund. Under A.B. 486, 100% of the additional revenue generated from the GST 10% depreciation schedule change is required to be deposited in the State Highway Fund beginning in FY 2020 and going forward permanently. Estimated to generate \$19,367,000 in FY 2018 and \$19,573,500 in FY 2019.
- [3-18] S.B. 512 removes fees for the issuance of certain permits relating to the usage of piers, docks, buoys, or other facilities on navigable bodies of water in this state from NRS 322.120, and instead requires that the State Land Registrar of the Division of State Lands of the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources establish these fees by regulation, effective July 1, 2017. The bill requires that the first \$65,000 of the proceeds from these permit fees be deposited in the State General Fund in each fiscal year, with any proceeds in excess of \$65,000 to be used by the State Land Registrar to carry out programs to preserve, protect, restore, and enhance the natural environment of the Lake Tahoe Basin.
- [4-18] S.B. 514 requires that certain fees collected by the State Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources relating to services for the adjudication and appropriation of water be deposited in the State General Fund. Estimated to generate \$3,467,000 per year in FY 2018 and FY 2019.
- [5-18] S.B. 515 requires that certain penalties received by the Securities Division of the Secretary of State's Office be deposited in the State General Fund, instead of the Secretary of State's Office's operating budget, effective July 1, 2017. Estimated to generate \$117,256 per fiscal year in FY 2018 and FY 2019.
- [6-18] Estimated portion of the revenue generated from Court Administrative Assessment Fee to be deposited in the State General Fund (pursuant to subsection 9 of NRS 176.059), based on the legislatively approved projections and the authorized allocation for the Court Administrative Assessment Fee revenues (pursuant to subsection 8 of NRS 176.059) for FY 2018 and FY 2019. Estimated to generate \$1,328,228 in FY 2018 and \$1,080,780 in FY 2019.
- [7-18] Adjustment to the Statewide Cost Allocation amount included in the Legislature Approves budget after the May 1, 2017, approval of the General Fund revenue forecast by the Economic Forum

### FY 2019: Notes 1 through 3 represent legislative actions approved during the 2017 Legislative Session.

- [1-19] Senate Bill 415 (2017) required the submission of a question on the November 2018 General Election ballot seeking approval to amend the Sales and Use Tax Act of 1955 to provide an exemption from the State 2% sales and use tax for certain feminine hygeine products. This ballot question was approved by the voters and, therefore, the sales tax exemption for these products will be effective January 1, 2019, until December 31, 2028.
  - S.B. 415 also provides that if the ballot question is approved by the voters, identical exemptions for these products from the Local School Support Tax and other state and local taxes would become effective January 1, 2019, and would also expire on December 31, 2028. These exemptions will reduce the amount of the commission that is kept by the Department of Taxation and deposited in the State General Fund for collection of these taxes.
- [2-19] Section 39 of A.B. 518 provides General Fund appropriations of \$497,625 in FY 2018 and \$306,690 in FY 2019 to the Division of Enterprise Information Technology Services of the Department of Administration to enhance the state's cyber security resources. The legislatively approved repayment of these appropriations is 25 percent of the amounts appropriated per year, beginning in FY 2019 (for the FY 2018 appropriation) and in FY 2020 (for the FY 2019 appropriation).
- [3-19] Section 40 of A.B. 518 provides a General Fund appropriation of \$1,998,895 in FY 2018 to the Division of Enterprise Information Technology Services of the Department of Administration to increase the bandwidth and connectivity of the State's wide area network. The legislatively approved repayment of this appropriation is 25 percent of the amount appropriated per year, beginning in FY 2019.

### FY 2020: Notes 1 through 8 represent legislative actions approved during the 2019 Legislative Session

- [1-20] A.B. 445 requires a marketplace facilitator, defined as a person who facilitates the sale of tangible personal property by a marketplace seller in the state of Nevada, to collect and remit sales and use taxes on certain sales that are facilitated on behalf of the marketplace seller, effective October 1, 2019. Estimated to generate \$16,459,000 in FY 2020 and \$21,945,000 in FY 2021 for the State 2% rate. This requirement is also estimated to increase collections for the General Fund Commissions by \$668,000 in FY 2020 (LSST: \$160,000; BCCRT: \$72,000; SCCRT: \$252,000; PTT: \$184,000) and \$892,000 in FY 2021 (LSST: \$214,000; BCCRT: \$96,000; SCCRT: \$200; BCCRT: \$200; BCCRT
- [2-20] S.B. 535 removes the requirement that an amount equal to \$2 per slot machine collected from quarterly restricted and non-restricted slot machine fees be allocated to the Account to Support Programs for the Prevention and Treatment of Problem Gambling. Estimated to generate \$1,303,100 in FY 2020 (Non-restricted: \$1,149,400; Restricted: \$153,700) and \$1,298,800 in FY 2021 (Non-restricted: \$154,900).
- (3-20] A.B. 535 increases the existing license fee on wholesale dealers of cigarettes, which is currently distributed between the State General Fund and local governments, and establishes new license fees for manufacturers, wholesale dealers of other tobacco products, and tobacco retailers. This bill requires all license fee proceeds to be retained by the Department of Taxation to administer and enforce the cigarette and OTP statutes. This action to require the license fees on wholesale dealers of cigarettes to be retained by the Department is estimated to reduce General Fund revenue by less than \$10,000 per year in FY 2020 and FY 2021; thus, no adjustment is made to the Department of Taxation to administer and enforce the cigarette and OTP statutes. This action to require the license fees on wholesale dealers of cigarettes to be retained by the Department is estimated to reduce General Fund revenue by less than \$10,000 per year in FY 2020 and FY 2021; thus, no adjustment is
- [4-20] S.B. 551 permanently repeals the provisions requiring the Modified Business Tax (MBT) tax rates on nonfinancial institutions (MBT-NFI), financial institutions (MBT-Mining) to be reduced by the Department of Taxation if actual collections from these taxes, in combination with collections from the Commerce Tax and Branch Bank Excise Tax and tax credits taken against the MBT, are more than 4% above the Economic Forum's May forecast in any even-numbered fiscal year.
  - As a result of the passage of this bill, the rates for the MBT-NFI, which was to be reduced to 1.378% for all taxable wages in excess of \$50,000 per calendar quarter, and the MBT-Hining, which were to be reduced to 1.853% for all taxable wages, effective July 1, 2019, will remain at the current rates of 1.475% (for the MBT-NFI) and 2% (for the MBT-FI and MBT-Hining), on and after that date. Estimated to generate \$48,166,000 in FY 2020 (MBT-NFI: \$4,101,000; MBT-FI: \$2,335,000; MBT-Hining: \$1,730,000) and \$49,998,000 in FY 2021 (MBT-NFI: \$4,827,000; MBT-Hining: \$1,751,000).
- [5-20] S.B. 541 requires 25% of the proceeds from the portion of the Governmental Services Tax (GST) generated from the 10% depreciation schedule change, approved in S.B. 429 (2009), to be allocated to the State General Fund on a permanent basis, effective July 1, 2019. The remaining 75% portion of these proceeds are to be deposited in the State Highway Fund. Estimated to generate \$21,954,000 in FY 2021 and \$22,321,000 in FY 2021.
- [6-20] S.B. 263 specifies that alternative nicotine products and vapor products, including e-cigarettes and their components, are subject to the 30 percent wholesale tax on other tobacco products, effective January 1, 2020. Estimated to generate \$3,699,000 in FY 2020 and \$7,931,000 in FY 2021.
- [7-20] Estimated portion of the revenue generated from Court Administrative Assessment Fee to be deposited in the State General Fund (pursuant to subsection 9 of NRS 176.059), based on the legislatively approved projections and the authorized allocation for the Court Administrative Assessment Fee revenues (pursuant to subsection 8 of NRS 176.059) for FY 2020 and FY 2021. Estimated to generate \$351,220 in FY 2020 and \$270,166 in FY 2021.
- 8-20] Adjustment to the Statewide Cost Allocation amount included in the Legislatively Approved budget after the May 1, 2019, approval of the General Fund revenue forecast by the Economic Forum.

## FY 2021: Notes 1 through 3 represent legislative actions approved during the 31<sup>st</sup> Special Session (July 2020).

- [1-21] A.B. .445 requires a marketplace facilitator, defined as a person who facilitates the sale of tangible personal property by a marketplace seller in the state of Nevada, to collect and remit sales and use taxes on certain sales that are facilitated on behalf of the marketplace seller, effective October 1, 2019. Estimated to generate \$16,459,000 in FY 2020 and \$21,945,000 in FY 2021 for the State 2% rate. This requirement is also estimated to increase collections for the General Fund Commissions by \$668,000 in FY 2020 (LSST: \$160,000; BCCRT: \$32,000; PTT: \$184,000) and \$892,000 in FY 2021 (LSST: \$214,000; BCCRT: \$96,000; SCCRT: \$32,000; PTT: \$24,000; BCCRT: \$32,000; PTT: \$184,000 and \$892,000 in FY 2021 (LSST: \$000; BCCRT: \$000; BC
- [2-21] S.B. 3 requires 100% of the proceeds from the portion of the Governmental Services Tax (GST) generated from the 10% depreciation schedule change, approved in S.B. 429 (2009), to be allocated to the State General Fund in FY 2021 only. Beginning in FY 2022, the distribution reverts to 75% of the additional revenue generated from the GST 10% depreciation schedule change deposited in the State Highway Fund and 25% deposited in the State General Fund, as approved in S.B. 541 (2019). Estimated to generate an additional \$71,346,000 in FY 2021 for the State General Fund, based on the consensus estimate prepared by the Budget Division and the Fiscal Analysis Division.
- [3-21] S.B. 3 requires the Department of Taxation to establish and conduct a tax amnesty program by which taxpayers may pay a fee, tax, or assessment required to be paid to the Department without incurring any penalties or interest that would otherwise be required as a result of the unpaid fee, tax, or assessment. This program is required to be conducted by the Department for a period of not more than 90 calendar days and must be concluded no later than June 30, 2021. Estimated to generate \$14,000,000 to the State General Fund and \$7,000,000 to the Distributive School Account (DSA) in FY 2021 based on the consensus estimate prepared by the Department of Taxation. Buddeed In the Fiscal Analysis Division.

## TABLE 3

# GENERAL FUND REVENUE FORECASTS: AGENCY - FISCAL - BUDGET DECEMBER 3, 2020 FORECAST: FY 2021, FY 2022 and FY 2023

Economic Forum December 3, 2020, Meeting - 11/24/20 - 7:30 AM

		FISCAL YEAR 2021						FISCAL YEAR 2022						FISCAL YEAR 2023					
G.L. NO.	FY 2020 ACTUAL	AGENCY FORECAST	6	FISCAL % FORECAST		BUDGET % FORECAST		AGENCY DRECAST	%	FISCAL FORECAST	%	BUDGET FORECAST	%	AGENCY FORECAST	%	FISCAL FORECAST	%	BUDGET FORECAST	%

### FY 2022: Notes 1 and 2 represent legislative actions approved during the 2019 Legislative Session.

- [1-22] Section 1 of A.B. 512 provides a General Fund appropriation of \$2,138,800 in FY 2020 to the Division of Enterprise Information Technology Services of the Department of Administration for the implementation of an enterprise cloud electronic mail and business productivity application. The legislatively approved repayment of this appropriation is 25 percent of the amount appropriated per year, beginning in FY 2022.
- [2-22] Section 2 of A.B. 512 provides a General Fund appropriation of \$4,186,202 in FY 2020 to the Division of Enterprise Information Technology Services of the Department of Administration for the replacement of firewalls. The legislatively approved repayment of this appropriation is 25 percent of the amount appropriated per year, beginning in FY 2022.

### TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS APPROVED BY THE LEGISLATURE

- [TC-1] Pursuant to S.B. 165 (2013), the Governor's Office of Economic Development (GOED) could issue up to \$20 million per fiscal year for a total of \$80 million for the four-year pilot program in transferrable tax credits that may be used against the Modified Business Tax, Insurance Premium Tax, and Gaming Percentage Fee Tax. The provisions of the film tax credit program were amended in S.B. 1 (28th Special Session (2014)) to reduce the total amount of the tax credits that may be approved by GOED to a total of \$10 million.
  - Pursuant to A.B. 492 (2017), a total of \$10 million per fiscal year that is not approved by GOED beginning in FY 2018, in addition to any remaining amounts from S.B. 1 of the 28th Special Session (2014). Any portion of the \$10 million per fiscal year that is not approved by GOED may be carried forward and made available during the next or any future fiscal year. The amounts shown for FY 2021, FY 2022, and FY 2023 are based on information provided by GOED.
- [TC-2] Pursuant to S.B. 1 (28th Special Session (2014)), for certain qualifying projects, the Governor's Office of Economic Development (GOED) is required to issue transferrable tax credits that may be used against the Modified Business Tax, Insurance Premium Tax, and the Gaming Percentage Fee Tax. The amount of transferrable tax credits are equal to \$12,500 for each qualifying project, plus an additional 2.8 percent of the first \$1 billion of new capital investment in the State made collectively by the participants in the qualifying project, plus an additional 2.8 percent of the first \$1 billion of new capital investment in the State made collectively by the participants in the project. The amount of credits approved by GOED may not exceed \$45 million per fiscal year (though any uninssued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$195 million. The forecast is \$0 per fiscal year (though any uninssued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$195 million. The forecast is \$0 per fiscal year (though any uninssued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$195 million. The forecast is \$0 per fiscal year (though any uninssued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$195 million. The forecast is \$0 per fiscal year (though any uninssued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$195 million.
  - Pursuant to S.B. 1 (20th Special Session (2015)), for certain qualifying projects, the Governor's Office of Economic Development (GOED) is required to issue transferrable tax credits that may be used against the Modified Business Tax, Insurance Premium Tax, and the Gaming Percentage Fee Tax. The amount of transferrable tax credits are equal to \$9,500 for each qualified employee employees. The amount of oredits approved by GDED may not exceed \$7.6 million per fiscal year (though any unissued credits may be issued in subsequent fiscal years), and GOED may not issue total credits in excess of \$38 million. Because there are currently no eligible projects under this program, the forecast for these tax credits is \$0 per fiscal year for FY 2021, FY 2022, and FY 2023.
- [TC-3] Pursuant to S.B. 357 (2013), the Nevada New Markets Jobs Act allows insurance companies to receive a credit against the tax imposed on insurance premiums in exchange for making qualified equity investments in community development entities, particularly those that are local and minority-owned. A total of \$200 million in qualified equity investments may be certified by the Department of Business and Industry. In exchange for making the qualified equity investment, insurance companies are entitled to receive a credit against the Insurance Premium Tax in an amount equal to 58 percent of the total qualified equity investment that is certified by the Department. The credits may be taken in increments beainning on the second anniversary date of the original investment, based on a percentage of the qualified receives a follows:
  - 2 years after the investment is made: 12%; 3 years after the investment is made: 12%; 4 years after the investment is made: 12%; 5 years after the investment is made: 11%; and 6 years after the investment is made: 11%.
  - Under the provisions of S.B. 357, the insurance companies were allowed to begin taking tax credits in the third quarter of FY 2015. The amounts shown for FY 2019 and FY 2020 reflect estimates of the amount of tax credits that will be taken in each fiscal year based on information provided by the Department of Business and Industry and the Department of Taxation.
  - Pursuant to A.B. 446 (2019), an additional \$200 million in qualified equity investments may be certified by the Department of Business and Industry, effective July 1, 2019, with a total of \$116 million of credits that may be taken based on the increment percentages originally approved in S.B. 357 (2013). However, pursuant to A.B. 446, no credits may be taken against the Insurance Premium Tax before July 1, 2021 (FY 2022).
- [TC-4] S.B. 507 (2015) authorizes the Governor's Office of Economic Development (GOED) to approve transferrable tax credits that may be used against the Modified Business Tax, Insurance Premium Tax, and Gaming Percentage Fee Tax to new or expanding businesses to promote the economic development of Nevada. As approved in S.B. 507, the total amount of transferrable tax credits that may be issued is \$500,000 in FY 2016, \$2,000,000 in FY 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter.
  - A.B. 1 of the 29th Special Session (2015) reduced the total amount of transferrable tax credits that may be issued by GOED to zero in FY 2016, \$1 million in FY 2017, \$2 million per year in FY 2018 and FY 2019, and \$3 million in FY 2020. For FY 2021 and future fiscal years, the amount of credits that may be issued by GOED remains at \$5 million per year. The amounts shown for FY 2021, FY 2022, and FY 2023 are based on information provided by GOED.
- [TC-5] A.B. 165 (2015) allows taxpayers who make donations of money to certain scholarship organizations to receive a dollar-for-dollar credit against the taxpayer's liability for the Modified Business Tax (MBT). The total amount of credits that may be approved by the Department of Taxation (Department) is \$5 million in FY 2016, \$5.5 million in FY 2017, and 110 percent of the total amount of credits authorized in the previous year, for all subsequent fiscal years. The amounts shown reflect the estimate based on the assumption that the total amount authorized for each fiscal year will be donated to a qualified scholarship organization and taken as credits against the MRT.
  - S.B. 555 (2017) authorized an additional \$20 million in credits against the MBT under this program in Fiscal Year 2018 beyond those that were authorized in FY 2018 based on the provisions of A.B. 165 (2015). Any amount of the \$20 million in credits that is not approved by the Department may be issued in future fiscal years. The forecast for FY 2019 is based on the amount of this \$20 million that was awarded in FY 2018, but not used against the MBT in that fiscal year, plus the maximum amount of annual credits allowed based on the statutory formula adopted in A.B. 165 (2015).
  - A.B. 458 (2019) permanently eliminated the 10 percent increase in the amount of credits that may be authorized in each year, capping the total amount that may be authorized in each year at \$6,655,000 beginning in FY 2020. The bill additionally clarified that the \$6,655,000 limit per year applies to the combined credits that may be taken under both chapters of the MBT (Chapters 363A and 363B), rather than as a separate limit for each chapter.
  - S.B. 551 (2019) authorized an additional \$4,745,000 in credits against the MBT (Chapters 363A and 363B combined) under this program per year in FY 2020 and FY 2021 beyond those that were authorized in those years based on the provisions of A.B. 458 (2019). Any amount of the \$4,745,000 million in credits that is not approved by the Department in each fiscal year may be issued in future fiscal years. The forecasts for FY 2021, FY 2022, and FY 2023 are based on the maximum amount of \$6,655,000 allowed pursuant to A.B. 458 (2019), plus the additional \$4,745,000 per year authorized under S.B. 551 (2019) for FY 2021 only.
- [TC-6] S.B. 412 (2015) provides a tax credit against the Modified Business Tax (MBT) to certain employers who match the contribution of an employee to one of the college savings plans offered through the Nevada Higher Education Prepaid Tuition Program and the Nevada College Savings Program and the Nevada College Savings Program are effective January 1, 2016, and the Higher Education Prepaid Tuition Program are effective July 1, 2016. The amounts shown are estimates based on information provided by the Treasurer's Office on enrollment and contributions for the college savings plans.
- [TC-7] S.B. 448 (2019) authorizes the Housing Division of the Department of Business and Industry (Division) to approve a total of \$40 million of transferrable tax credits that may be used against the Modified Business Tax, Insurance Premium Tax, and Gaming Percentage Fee Tax. Under the provisions of S.B. 448, the Division may award up to \$10 million in transferable tax credits per year to persons who develop affordable housing projects in Nevada over the four years of the pilot program, but may award an additional \$3 million in credits in any fiscal year if the issuance of the credits is necessary for the development of additional affordable housing projects in the state. If the Division approves any credits in excess of \$10 million in a fiscal year, the amount to be awarded in the next fiscal year must be reduced by the amount in excess of \$10 million that was issued in a subsequent fiscal year. If the Division does not issue all of the \$10 million in credits authorized in a fiscal year, that amount is carried forward and may be issued in a subsequent fiscal year.